Unit 7: Interactions

Unit Terminal Objective

Identify key strategies for interaction with members of the Planning Section, members of the IMT, and personnel outside of the IMT.





Unit Enabling Objectives

- Describe the PSC's responsibilities in supervising and managing the Planning Section.
- Identify opportunities for interaction and information exchange.
- Identify non-Incident Command System personnel or groups the PSC may need to interact with on an incident.



Unit Overview

- Section Personnel Interaction
- IMT Personnel Interaction
- Non-IMT Interaction



Interactions with Section Personnel





Section Personnel

- Due to the inherent responsibilities:
 - Managing the Planning Section requires strong supervisory and interpersonal skills.
 - Coach, taskmaster, cheerleader, and diplomat all rolled into one.



Interpersonal Skills

What are some characteristics of an effective supervisor?



Establish Section Priorities

- What is needed?
- Who is responsible?
- When it is to be completed?

- How will it be displayed?
- How will it be delivered?
- What resources are available?



Brief Subordinates

- Brief and keep subordinates informed and updated.
 - Use daily Planning Section Meeting to convey info from C&GS Meetings.
 - Brief and share IMT Standard Operating Guides with nonteam personnel.
- It is important that your staff clearly understands the status and constraints of the incident.
 - Social/Political issues
 - Demobilization timelines
- Give directions and support for each unit to meet the incident objectives.



Establish and Manage Expectations

- Identify priorities.
- Explicitly state expectations.
- Establish timeframes and schedules.
- Promote teamwork.
- Encourage two-way dialogue.
- Provide positive reinforcement.
- Be observant of Section and IMT interactions as well as yourself. Pulse check.

Handout 7-1: PSC Self-Evaluation



Identify Performance Deficiencies

- Remember...they don't work for you, but they are working for you
 - Recognize and communicate immediately.
 - Recognize if it is a training issue.
 - Be supportive.
 - Provide counseling or corrective action as appropriate



Provide Training Opportunities

Provide opportunities for training:

- On-the-job training or Just-in-Time Training.
- Evaluate opportunities for a meaningful assignment.
 - Query your personnel for other interests or "hidden" talents.
 - Explore opportunities for them to learn a new skill.
- Recommend formal training at a later date.



Submit Timesheets

- Ensure all personnel and equipment time records are completed correctly for each operational period.
- Provide authorizing signature.
- Turn into the appropriate time recorder.



Complete Performance Ratings

- Monitor individual job performance.
- Some agencies' personnel may ask for an ICS Form 225 Performance Rating.
 - Especially for personnel in trainee positions

Handout 7-2: ICS Form 225

INCIDENT PERSONNEL PERFORMANCE RATING (ICS 225)

THIS RATING IS TO B	E U 8E	D ONLY	FOR DETERMINI	WG.	AN INDIVIDUAL'8 PERFORM	AN	ICE ON AN INCIDENT/EVENT
1. Name: 2. Inoident Name				3. Incident Number:			
4. Home Unit Name and Address:					6. Incident Agency and Address:		
Position Held on Incident: 7. Dat From:			. Date(s) of Assignment: from: To:		8. Incident Complexity Leve		
10. Evaluation							
Rating Factors	N/A	1 – Unacceptable		2	3 - Met Standards	4	5 - Exceeded Expediations
11. Knowledge of the Job' Professional Competence: Jobly to acquire, apply, and share schnical and administrative knowledge and skills associated with description of dutes. (Includes operational aspects such as marine assign, assament by marine assign, assament by		Coastonable companies and credibility. Operational or specially argents insclaigates or lacking in key areas. Intake little effort to prov- professionally. Used knowledge as power againstorbane or blood rather than acknowledging promotes. Executives reduced due to limbal knowledge d'own organizational role and corporat propositional programme.			Compaint and cradible authority or specially or operational listue. Expursed and applied accellent operational or specially experite for assigned duties. Showed professional growth through aducation, raining, and professional reading. Shared knowledge and information with others clearly and a length. Understood own organizational role and customer.		Suparior appertias advice and actions abrowed practically depth of innovindos. Ramaritable grasped complex lessues, concepts, and shadons. Rapidly developed professional growth beyond expectations. Ulgorously conveyed knowledge, distribution of the control of t
almanship, SSR, etc., as appropriate.)	П	needs.		Н	needs.	H	and value of work.
12. Ability To Obtain Performance Results: Cualty, guanty, finaliness, and impactof work.	_	Routhe tacks accomplished with difficulty. Results often late or of goor gualty. Work had a negative impactor departmenter unit. Mainshed the status guo desghe opportunitée to improve.			Gor the job done in all nouthe stoadors and in many unusual ones. Work was theirly and of high guality regulard same of subordinate. Results had a positive impacton Int. Continuously improved services and organizational effectiveness.	_	hisinshed optimal balance among quality, quantly, and the linear of work. Coulty of own and subordinests of work surpassed expectations. Results had a significant positive impaction the IRT. Established learny effective systems of continuous improvement.
13. Planning! Programschess: ¿billy to anticipas, desembe goals, identify relevant information, sergriorities and deadlines, and crease a shared viction of the incident		appeared to Ser vague of unreasons and deadling	rby the unexpected; obe controlled by events, or unrealistic goals. Used ble criteria to serpriorities ses. Rarely had plan of do focus on relevant		Consistantly gragored. Sathligh but realistic posts. Used cound orbania to satgriorities and deadlines. Used guiltly took and processes to develop action plans. Userfield help information. Rage supervisions and askeholders informed.		Exceptional preparation, divary tooked beyond immediate events or problems. Skillfully balanced competing demands. Developed strategies with confingency plans, diseased all aspects of problems, including underlying issues and impact.
ManagementTeam (MT).							
14. Using Resources: dbilly to managedme, maserials, information, money, and paople (i.e., all fill' component as well as external publics).	1	activities or demands. P productivel Mismanage time. Used subordinas	ad on ungraductive often overlooked critical salled to use geople y. Did notfoliow ug. id information, money, or ineffective tools or left as withourmans to tracks. Simployed shods.		Placehaly managed a variety of acth files with valiable reasources. Delegated, empowered, and followed policy Stilled files manager, budgeted own and subordinates files producted by Resured subordinate had adequate tools, manafals, time, and direction. Coerconactious, acceptiving to converse.		Unusually akilisatarbringing scarce resources to bear on the mercritical of comparing demands. Opinitized producting through effects adelegation, empowerment, and follow-up control. Found ways to greamstably reduce cost, eliminate wasts, and improve efficiency.
15. Adeptability/Attitude:		Unable to n	auge effectiveness of	۲	Receptive to change, new information,	H	Ranidly assessed and confidenty
dolly to maintain a positive article and modify work methods and priorities in reagonae to new information, changing conditions, political realities, or unexpected obstacles.		work, reco make adjus Maintained Overlooker Information.	pritre political resilites, or sments when needed, a poor outdook, d or screened outnew ineflective in complex, or pressured		and schnology. Dischvely used banchmarks to improve performance and san los. Montered progress and changed covers as regional, flatherinad a positive approach. Pischvely death with pressure and antiliputy. Facilitated amount marations, dejurand direction to accommodate political fraulties.		adjusad to changing conditions, golitical realities, new information, and such nology. Very a killed strating and sechnology. Very a killed strating and reagonizing to measurement holisations. Changions of organizational improvements. Sheathwill dealth with extremely complex situations. Turned great says and ambiguity into construction to case the change.
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16. Communication Skills: dolly to ageak effectively and Itsan to understand, dolly to express these and ideas clearly and convincingly:		and face; is confidence inappropris Nervous or detracted fr listen careft arguments:	Rectively anticulate in circled preparation or logic. Used as language or numbled, or description of on message. Falled to the Withen material inclear, verbose, or initized. Seldom groofward.		Effectively expressed lieses and feet in individual and group students; non-wishal actions consistential applications against the special massage. Communicated to people attail levels to answer brodents and logically care and special students. It is an according to the special special properties of the special special special special properties. Proprietad conscionations of the special special properties of Proprietad conscionations.		Clearly articulated and promosal clears before a wide range of succlineas; accomplished speaker's both formula of assumporaneous shadon. Adepar presenting complex or sensitive likewas dechs likewas remarkable shifty to fix and with open mind and dishrifty key lesses. Clearly and personally despeaked complex or compositive size market, directly committed by a state objective.
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Interactions with IMT Personnel





Keep the IC Informed

- Keep IC informed of Planning Section's operations.
- Discuss accomplishments and/or problems with IC.
- Use Command and General Staff Meeting or one-onone meetings.
- Assure IC is involved with completion of ICS Form 209 or other Status Summary Reports.



Exchange Information

- Interaction and information exchange opportunities:
 - Formal meetings and briefings
 - Debrief Operations personnel at end of shift.
 - One-on-one meetings.
 - Casual conversations.
 - Be a good listener.

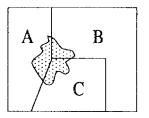
Handout 7-3: Indicators of IMT Success



Unified Command

Increased role in coordination of Unified Commands

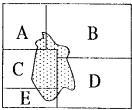
Unified Command Applications



Incidents that affect more than one political jurisdiction



Incidents involving multiple agencies within a jurisdiction



Incidents that impact on multiple geographic and functional agencies

Area Command

- Expect increase in demand for information.
- Expect increase in interaction.
 - Conference calls
 - Reporting requirements.



Interactions with Non-IMT Personnel





Non-IMT Personnel

 People or groups outside of IMT that you may be working with, include:

- EOC
- Landowners
- Cooperating agencies
- Local governments
- What are some additional examples?



Special Considerations

- They are great sources of information that can support the IMT.
- Possible issues include:
 - Not understanding Incident Command System structure or reporting requirements.
 - Information requests.
 - Plans may be tasked with these requests.
 - Requests to modify objectives, strategies, or tactics.





Activity 7.1: Management Solutions

Allotted Time: 60 minutes



Objectives Review

- 1. What are some of the PSC's responsibilities in supervising and managing the Planning Section?
- 2. What are the opportunities for interaction and information exchange?
- 3. What non-ICS personnel or groups might the Planning Section Chief need to interact with on an incident?

